

APPLIED MATHEMATICS

UNIT CODE: CON/CU/ARC/CC/01/6/A

Relationship to Occupational Standards

This unit addresses the unit of competency: Apply mathematical skills

Duration of Unit: 80 hours

Unit Description

This unit describes the competencies required by a technician in order to apply algebra, trigonometry and hyperbolic functions, complex numbers, coordinate geometry, carry out binomial expansion, apply calculus, solve ordinary differential equations, carry our mensuration, apply power series, statics, latitudes and longitudes, vector theory, matrix and Numerical methods.

Summary of Learning Outcomes

1. Apply Algebra
2. Apply Trigonometry and hyperbolic functions
3. Apply complex numbers
4. Apply Coordinate Geometry
5. Carry out Binomial Expansion
6. Apply Calculus
7. Solve Ordinary differential equations
8. Carry out Mensuration
9. Apply Power Series
10. Apply Statistics
11. Apply Latitudes and Longitudes
12. Apply Vector theory
13. Apply Matrix
14. Apply Numerical methods

Learning Outcomes, Content and Suggested Assessment Methods

Learning Outcome	Content	Suggested Assessment Methods
1. Apply Algebra	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Base and Index• Law of indices• Indicial equations	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Written tests• Oral questioning• Assignments

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Laws of logarithm • Logarithmic equations • Conversion of bases • Use of calculator • Reduction of equations • Solution of equations reduced to quadratic form • Solutions of simultaneous linear equations in three unknowns • Solutions of problems involving AP and GP 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Supervised exercises
2. Apply Trigonometry and hyperbolic functions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Half-angle formula • Factor formula • Trigonometric functions • Parametric equations • Relative and absolute measures • Measures calculation • Definition of hyperbolic equations • Properties of hyperbolic functions • Evaluations of hyperbolic functions Hyperbolic identities • Osborne's Rule • $Ashx + bshx = C$ equation • One-to-one relationship in functions • Inverse functions for one-to-one relationship • Inverse functions for trigonometric functions • Graph of inverse functions • Inverse hyperbolic functions 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Written tests • Oral questioning • Assignments • Supervised exercises
3. Apply complex numbers	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Definition of complex numbers 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Assignments • Oral questioning

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Stating complex numbers in numbers in terms of conjugate argument and • Modulus • Representation of complex numbers on the Argand diagram • Arithmetic operation of complex numbers Application of De Moivre's theorem • Application of complex numbers to engineering 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Supervised exercises • Written tests
4. Apply Coordinate Geometry	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Polar equations • Cartesian equation • Graphs of polar equations • Normal and tangents • Definition of a point • Locus of a point in relation to a circle • Loci of points for given mechanism 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Assignments • Oral questioning • Practical tests • Observation • Supervised exercises • Written tests
5. Carry out Binomial Expansion	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Binomial theorem Power series using binomial theorem Roots of numbers using binomial theorem. • Estimation of errors of small changes using binomial theorem 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Assignments • Supervised exercises • Written tests
6. Apply calculus	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Definition of derivatives of a function • Differentiation from first principle • Tables of some common derivatives • Rules of differentiation • Rate of change and small change 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Assignments • Supervised exercises • Written tests

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Stationery points of functions of two variables • Definition of integration • Indefinite and definite integral • Methods of integration application of integration. • Integrals of hyperbolic and inverse functions 	
7. Solve Ordinary differential equations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Types of first order differential equations • Formation of first order differential equation • Solution of first order differential equations • Application of first order differential equations • Formation of second order differential equations for various systems • Solution of second order differential equations • Application of second order differential equations 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Assignments • Oral questioning • Supervised exercises • Written tests
8. Carry out Mensuration	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Units of measurements • Perimeter and areas of regular figures • Volume of regular solids • Surface area of regular solids • Area of irregular figures • Areas and volumes using Pappus theorem 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Assignments • Supervised exercises • Written tests
9. Apply Power Series	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Definition of the term power series • Taylor's theorem 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Written tests • Assignments • Supervised exercises

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Deduction of Maclaurin's theorem to obtain power series • Application of Taylor's theorem and Maclaurin's theorems in numerical work 	
10. Apply Statistics	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Classification of data <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Grouped data • Ungrouped data • Data collection • Tabulation of data <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Class intervals • Class boundaries • Frequency tables • Diagrammatic and graphical presentation of data e.g. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Histograms • Frequency polygons • Bar charts • Pie charts • Cumulative frequency curves • Measures of central tendency mean, mode and median • Measures of dispersion <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Variance and standard deviation • Definition of probability • Laws of probability • Expectation variance and S.D. • Types of distributions 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Oral questioning • Written tests • Assignments • Supervised exercises

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mean, variance and SD of probability distributions • Application of probability distributions • Standard normal tables • Sampling distributions • Rank correlation coefficient 	
11. Apply Latitudes and Longitudes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Latitudes and longitudes • The equator and the Greenwich meridian • Distance between two points along small and great circle • Time between longitude speed 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Assignments • Oral questioning • Supervised exercises • Written tests
12. Apply Vector theory	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Vectors and scalar in two and three dimensions • Operations on vectors: Addition and Subtraction • Position vectors • Resolution of vectors 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Assignments • Oral questioning • Supervised exercises • Written tests
13. Apply Matrix methods	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Matrix operation • Determinant of 3x3 matrix • Inverse of 3x3 matrix • Solution of linear simultaneous equations in 3 unknowns • Application of matrices 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Assignments • Oral questioning • Supervised exercises • Written tests
14. Apply Numerical methods	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Definition of interpolation and extrapolation • Application of interpolation • Application of interactive methods to solve equations • Application of interactive methods to areas and volumes 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Assignments • Oral questioning • Supervised exercises • Written tests

Suggested Methods of Instruction

- Group discussions
- Demonstration by trainer
- Exercises by trainee

Recommended Resources

- Scientific Calculators
- Rulers, pencils, erasers
- Charts with presentations of data
- Graph books
- Dice
- Computers with internet connection

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