

1920/103

BASIC ELECTRONICS

March/April 2023

Time: 3 hours

BASIC ELECTRONICS

THE KENYA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL

CRAFT CERTIFICATE IN INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

BASIC ELECTRONICS

3 hours

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

This paper consists of section A and B.

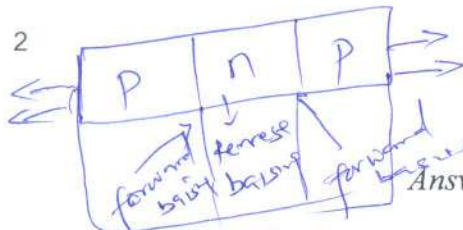
Answer ALL the questions in section A and any FOUR from section B in the answer booklet provided.

Candidates should answer the questions in English.

This paper consists of 4 printed pages.

Candidates should check the question paper to ascertain that all the pages are printed as indicated and that no questions are missing.





SECTION A (40 marks)

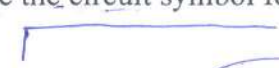
35

Answer ALL questions in this section.

1. Outline **four** disadvantages of an Integrated Circuit (IC). (4 marks)

It carries high voltage
It cause the short to the circuit
It burns the bulb
It error control by Penstake

2. With the aid of a diagram, outline the circuit symbol for a PNP transistor showing the flow of current and the voltages. (4 marks)



3. Using one's complement, calculate $11100001_2 - 10101111_2$. (4 marks)

4. Draw the truth table for the OR logic gate. (4 marks)



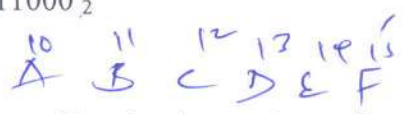
5. Explain **two** advantages of Cache memory in computers. (4 marks)

It stores information program the computer to manufacture

6. Evaluate the following arithmetic, leaving the answer in octal number system. (4 marks)

(i) $11101100_2 - 10111000_2$ (2 marks)

(ii) $BC_{16} + 57_8$ (2 marks)



7. With the aid of a diagram, outline the electronic configuration of silicon. (4 marks)

Silicon

8. Determine the Excess-3 equivalent for each of the following decimal numbers.

(i) 71.6_{10} (2 marks)

(ii) 945_{10} (2 marks)

Silicon is trivalent pentavalent

9. Explain **two** disadvantages of using hexadecimal number systems. (4 marks)

10. Figure 1 represents a closed electric circuit of capacitors C_1 ($0.6 \mu F$), C_2 ($0.3 \mu F$) and C_3 ($0.9 \mu F$) and a charge of 10 Coulomb. Use it to answer the question that follows.

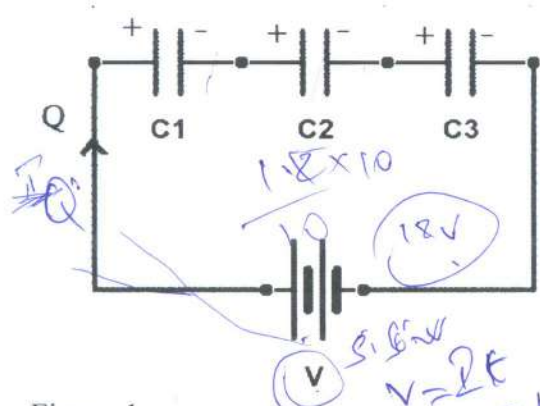
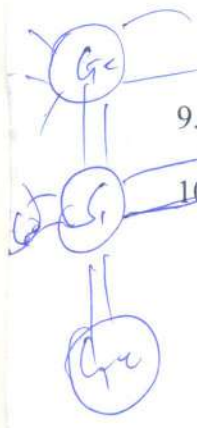


Figure 1

Determine the voltage in the circuit.

② 11100001_2
 10101111
 $\rightarrow 01010000 \rightarrow$ One's complement
 11100001
 $+ 01010000$

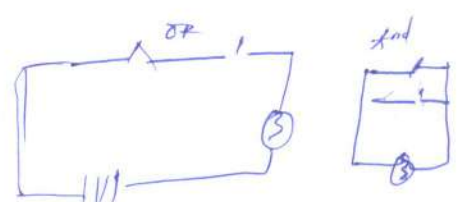
 00110001

 00110010_2



$V = C \cdot P$

A	B	C
0	1	0
1	0	0
0	0	0
1	1	1



SECTION B (60 marks)

Answer any **FOUR** questions from this section.

11. (a) (i) Define each of the following terms as used in basic electronics:
- I. energy; (1 mark)
 - II. amplitude; (1 mark)
 - III. power dissipation. (1 mark)
- (ii) Explain **two** characteristics of ROM as used in computers. (4 marks)
- (b) Using Karnaugh map, simplify the minimal terms using four variables (ABCD). $\Sigma m (0, 2, 8, 10, 12)$ (4 marks)
- (ii) Using BCD, determine $81_{10} + 77_{10}$. (4 marks)

12. (a) (i) Outline **three** regions where a bipolar transistor has the ability to operate. (3 marks)
- (ii) Differentiate between *weighted code* and *non-weighted code* as used in BCD number systems. (4 marks)

- (b) (i) Simplify the decimal number $1 - \frac{7}{8}$, giving your answer in binary notation. (3 marks)
- (ii) Figure 2 represents a parallel circuit drawn by a student. Use it to answer the questions that follow.

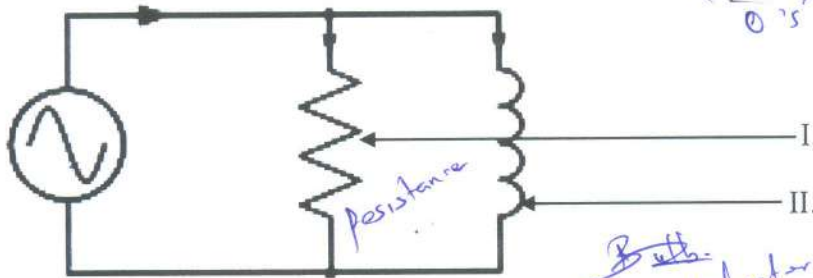


Figure 2

- I. Identify the components labelled (I.) and (II.). (4 marks)
- II. Explain the behaviour of voltage across the circuit. (1 mark)

- (a) (i) List **six** types of diodes. (3 marks)
- (ii) Differentiate *forward biasing* and *reverse biasing* of a p-n junction diode. (3 marks)
- (b) (i) Outline **three** circumstances under which memory sticks could be used in computers. (3 marks)

collector
Emitter
Base

3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0

Turn over

- (ii) A metal conductor has a length of 10 meter and resistivity of 5 ohms. Determine the:
 - I. cross-section area; $l = 2p$ (4 marks)
 - II. conductivity. (2 marks)

- 14 (a)
- (i) Outline **three** uses of the octal number system. (3 marks)
 - (ii) Determine the colour code of each of the following carbon composition resistors:
 - I. 13,000,000,000 ohms; *Brown orange white* (2 marks)
 - II. 97,000,000 ohms. (2 marks)
- (b)
- (i) A student noted types of rheostats in a laboratory while doing an experiment. Outline **two** such types. (2 marks)
 - (ii) Draw the logical gate used for the Boolean expression.

$$Y = A\bar{B}C + A\bar{B}\bar{C} + ABC + ABC\bar{C}$$
 (6 marks)

- 15 (a)
- (i) Explain **two** advantages of using BCD number systems. (4 marks)
 - (ii) Figure 3 represent a logic circuit. Use it to answer the question that follows.

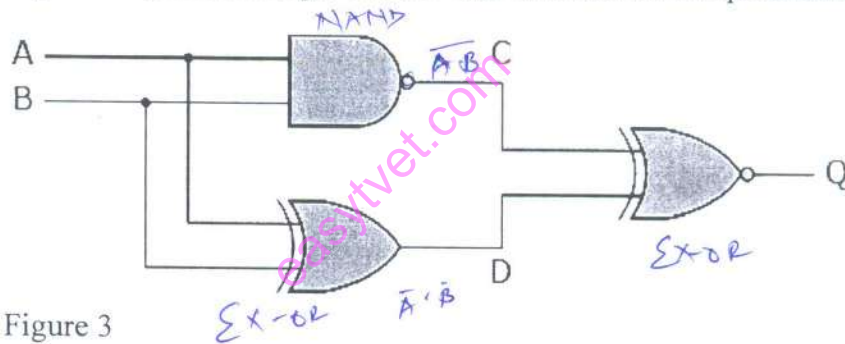
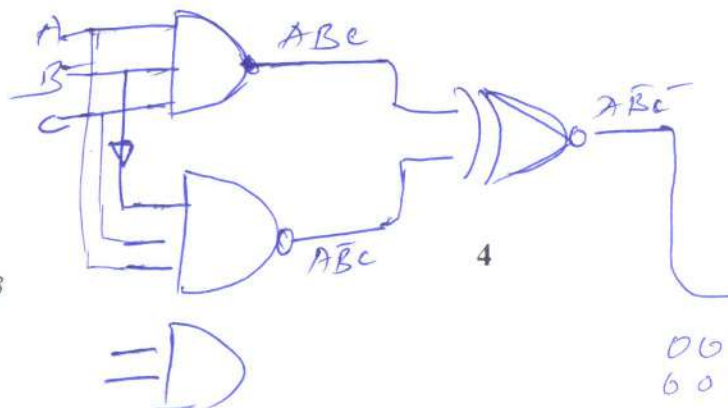


Figure 3

Draw a truth table for logic circuit. (5 marks)

- (b) (i) Explain **two** circumstances that may necessitate the use of a Gray code in computers, other than in Karnaugh maps. (3 marks)
- (ii) A circuit has a conductance of 4.2×10^{-2} Siemens and voltage of 10 volts. Determine the current in circuit. (3 marks)

THIS IS THE LAST PRINTED PAGE.



0000
0001
0010
1001

Black 0
Brown 1
Red 2
Orange 3
Yellow 4
Green 5
Blue 6
Violet 7
Gold 8
White 9
None