

## 32.3.0 MATHEMATICS III

### 32.3.1 Introduction

This module unit is designed to equip the trainee with the relevant mathematical knowledge, skills, techniques and attitudes necessary to enhance better understanding of the respective trade area.

### 32.3.2 General Objectives

By the end of the module unit, the trainee should be able to:

- use mathematical concepts and techniques in solving problems related to respective trade area
- organise, draw simple deductions and conclusions from a given data
- interpret graphical representation of functions relevant to the respective trade area

### 32.3.3 Module Unit Summary and Time Allocation – (77 Hours)

Code	Sub-Module Units	Content	Total Hours
32.3.01	Numerical Methods	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Definition of Interpolation and Extrapolation</li> <li>• Application of Interpolation and Extrapolation</li> <li>• Interactive Methods</li> <li>• Application of Interactive Methods</li> </ul>	18
32.3.02	Matrices	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Definition and Notation</li> <li>• Operations on Matrices</li> <li>• Matrix Transpose</li> <li>• Identity Matrix</li> <li>• Determinants and Inverse of <math>2 \times 2</math> Matrix</li> <li>• Determinants and Inverse of <math>3 \times 3</math> Matrix</li> <li>• Solution of Linear Simultaneous Equation in 2 and 3 Unknowns</li> </ul>	18

32.3.03	Probability II	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Expectations, Variance and Standard Deviations</li> <li>• Distribution Functions</li> </ul>	20
32.3.04	Statistics II	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Standardization</li> <li>• Standard normal table</li> <li>• Mean of a sample</li> <li>• variance</li> <li>• normal statistics</li> <li>• t-distribution</li> <li>• unbiased estimate</li> <li>• confidence interval</li> <li>• types of error definition</li> <li>• determination of type I error</li> <li>• type II error definition</li> <li>• determination of type II error</li> <li>• bivariate distributions</li> <li>• product moment correlation coefficient</li> <li>• rank correlation coefficient</li> <li>• linear regression</li> </ul>	21
<b>Total</b>			77

32.3.01  
 32.3.01T0 **NUMERICAL METHODS**  
*Specific Objectives*  
 By the end of the sub-module unit, the trainee should be able to:

- define interpolation and extrapolation
- apply interpolation and extrapolation
- state the iterative methods
- apply iterative methods to solve problems

32.3.01C *Competence*  
 The trainee should have the ability to:

- apply interpolation and extrapolation
- apply interactive methods to solve problems

32.3.01T1 *Content*  
 Definition of interpolation and extrapolation

32.3.01T2 relative methods

32.3.01T3 Application of iterative methods

- Newton Gregory
- Newton Raphson
- Application of iterative methods

32.3.01T4 Application of iterative method

- approximations

32.3.02 **MATRICES**  
 32.3.02T0 *Specific Objectives*  
 By the end of the sub-module unit, the trainee should be able to:

- define matrix
- state the different notation of matrices
- find the determinant matrix
- find the trapose of a matrix
- find the inverse of a matrix
- find the identity matrix
- apply matrixes to solve simultaneous equations

32.3.02C *Competence*  
 The trainee should have the ability to:

- find the determinant matrix, trapezc of a matrix and inverse of the matrix
- apply matrices to solve simultaneous equations

32.3.02T1 *Content*  
 Matrix definition

32.3.02T2 Matrix notation

32.3.02T3 Inverse of a square matrix

- 2 x 2 matrix
- 3 x 3 matrix

32.3.02T4 Solution of linear simultaneous equations

- with two unknowns

	- with three unknowns		variance and standard deviation
	-The determinant, 2 x 2, 3 x 3 matrix		ii) identify probability distribution
	-The transpose; 2 x 2, 3 x 3 matrix		iii) apply probability
32.3.02T5	The inverse: 2 x 2, 3 x 3 matrix	32.3.03T1	<i>Content</i>
32.3.02T6	The identity matrix: 2 x 2, 3 x 3	32.3.03T2	Expectation of x
32.3.02T7	Solution of simultaneous equations; 2 unknowns, 3 unknowns	32.3.03T3	Variance and Standard deviation
		32.3.03T4	Discrete probability distribution
			- binomial
			- Poisson
32.3.03	<b>PROBABILITY II</b>	32.3.04T5	Continuous Probability distribution
32.3.03T0	<i>Specific Objectives</i> By the end of the sub-module unit, the trainee should be able to:	32.3.03T6	continuous probability density functions (pdfs)
	a) determine expectations		- normal distribution
	b) determine variance and standard deviation		Application of probability
	c) identify discrete probability distribution		- buying materials/machinery
	d) identify continuous probability distributions		- utilizing machines
	e) identify continuous probability distributions	32.3.04	- quality machines
	f) apply probability	32.3.04T0	- quality control
32.3.03C	<i>Competence</i> The trainee should have the ability to:		
	i) determine variance and standard		<b>STATISTICS II</b>
			<i>Specific Objectives</i>
			By the end of the sub-module unit, the trainee should be able to:
			a) standardize values of a normal distribution
			b) use standard normal distribution tables

- c) obtain the mean of a sampling distribution
- d) obtain the variance of a sampling distribution
- e) determine the normal statistic
- f) determine the t-statistic
- g) determine the unbiased estimate of a population parameters
- h) determine confidence intervals for large samples
- i) determine confidence intervals for small samples
- j) define type I error
- k) determine type I error
- l) define type II error
- m) determine type II error
- n) determine product-moment correlation coefficient
- o) determine rank correlation coefficient
- p) calculate linear regression lines

- iii) test hypothesis using large samples
- iv) plot a scatter diagram for a bivariate distribution

		<i>Content</i>
	32.3.04T1	Standardization
	32.3.04T2	Standard normal tables
	32.3.04T3	Mean of a sampling distribution
	32.3.04T4	Variance of a Sampling distribution
	32.3.04T5	normal statistics
	32.3.04T6	t-distribution
	32.3.04T7	The un-biased estimate
	32.3.04T8	Confidence intervals, Large samples
	32.3.04T9	Confidence intervals Small samples
	32.3.0410	type I error definition
	32.3.04T11	Determination type I error
	32.3.04T12	Type II error definition
	32.3.04T13	Determination of Type II error
	32.3.04T14	Bivariate distributions
	32.3.04T15	Product moment Correlation coefficient
	32.3.04T16	Rank correlation coefficient
	32.3.04T17	Linear regression

32.3.04C

*Competence*  
The trainee should have the ability to:

- i) standardize values of a normal distribution
- ii) determine the t-static

- Suggested Teaching/Learning Methods*
- Lectures
  - Group discussions

- Demonstration of supports

### *Suggested Teaching/Learning Resources*

- Textbooks
- Supports
- Building defects
- Tables
- Charts

### *Suggested Assessment Methods*

- Oral
- Written
- Reports
- Practical work

- ### *Tools and Equipment*
- Calculators
  - Computers

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